

## &lt;control-F&gt; &lt;printable character&gt;

[Find] Moves the cursor to the right of the next occurrence of the specified <printable character> in the line being edited, printing all characters which the cursor passes. If the remainder of the line contains no occurrence of the <printable character>, XYBASIC echoes <control-G> (bell or beep) and leaves the cursor position unchanged. The search character is not echoed.

## &lt;control-G&gt;

[Bell] Inserts a <control-G> (bell or beep) in the line at the current cursor position. As elsewhere in XYBASIC, <control-G> is treated as a <printable character>.

## &lt;control-H&gt;

[Backspace] Erases the character to the left of the cursor and echoes <control-H>. For terminals which recognize <control-H> as a backspace, such as most CRTs, characters should be deleted with <control-H> rather than <rubout>.

## &lt;control-K&gt;

[Kill] Kills all characters to the right of the cursor.

## &lt;control-L&gt;

[Left] Types the characters remaining to the right of the cursor on the line being edited, followed by <carriage return> and <linefeed>, and leaves the cursor to the left of all characters on the line.

## &lt;control-N&gt;

[Next] Finds the next occurrence of the <printable character> last specified in a <control-F> search command, as described above. Echoes <control-G> and leaves the cursor position unchanged if no <control-F> command has been given or if the line contains no more occurrences of the <printable character>.

## &lt;control-R&gt;

[Retype] Types the characters to the right of the cursor on the line being edited, followed by <carriage return> and <linefeed>, and then retypes the characters to the left of the cursor. The cursor position is unchanged.

## &lt;control-T&gt;

[Type] Moves the cursor position one character to the right, echoing the character passed by the cursor.

## &lt;control-U&gt;

[Undo] Discards the current contents of the line being edited and begins the editing process anew with the original contents of the line, allowing easy recovery from editing mistakes.

## RENUM

The RENUM command automatically rennumbers the current XYBASIC program. It takes up to three arguments. The first argument gives the current line number of the first line to be renumbered. The second argument gives the desired increment. The third argument gives the desired line number for the first renumbered line. For example,